SUCCESS TO CROWN FUTURE OF CUBA

Battle for Justice and Morality Yet to Be Fought.

CAPTAIN COOK'S CUBAN VIEWS

Describes the Beauties of Havana, the Attractiveness of the People of the Island, and the Problems Which the New Nation Faces.

BY CAPTAIN C. C. COOK, U. S. V. Present regererate Havana, "La Capital de Cuba," is quaint, cleanly, healthful. A wondrous old city, its narrow streets crowded with strange human and animal life, high one-story houses of all the rainbow's hues, red-tiled roofs, the whole surrounded by sloping hills of perennial verdure-a unique, fascinating spectacle more like the painted city on the theatre

pleasure's pursuits. War's ravages are apartments. The walls are nearly bare. past. The skeleton beggar is seen no Ornamentation is sacrificed for sanitation. primitive beauty and interest. Tourist, primitive beauty and interest. Tourist, historian, scientist, student, architect, can renew researches mid surroundings as yet little understood by flitting American picturesque for treasured lore and work of antiquity, with enthusiasm akin to that aroused by the charms of Cordova, Seville, and Granada. The prevalent semi-Grecian, Moorish, and modern Spanish architecture, partially destroyed during the war, is restored. The cleansing in-fluence of Havana's little army of "white wings," and paint and brush present a gala attire of bright yellow, pink and blue. Rehabilitated stately paiaces, enduring fortresses, and statuary enthuse one. Thanks, thanks to the old Moors and Spaniards for their immortal genius that builded this strange city—relic of the brilliant exotic of the Moslem domination in Spain and the splendor of the glorious reign of Charles V. The memories of cruelties will be softened by merican gratitude when for years to come we be hold these lasting graceful works.

The City of Havana a

Place of Surprising Interest.

ducers, white and colored, are not owners but tenants and employes. Naturally, there is little friendship between the wealthy classes, the oppressor, and the beasantry, the oppressor, and the peasantry, the oppressor of us but for fear of Cuban retribution, should absolute independence and self-government be given the patriots, followers and supporters of Maceo and Gomez. This fear no longer exists. The Cuban peasantry, though held in virtual bondage for generations are peaceful and industrious. Their poverty and ignorance are the necessary result of a former corrupt government.

Place of Surprising Interest.

The cultured man and woman must find Havana a city of unique, serprising interest. But fifteen hours' voyage from Florida, it affords a wondrous transition to almost Arabian Spain. Since its founding, generations and centuries have passed away, yet Havana remains distinctively a Moslem city in a Christian land, a beautiful relic of an artistic age of invaders, conquerors, tyrants, yet withal a brave, cultured people. In "La Capital" the housewife crushes her daily corn in the great mortarlike bowl and corn in the great mortarlike bowl and pastel as in scruptural times. Vehicles are kept in front halls and house entrances, and horses and animals in the central rocms adjoining living apartments. Artisans work with primitive tools in blissful ignorance of all modern methods. The peasant tills his little tract of land with homemade, wooden hoe and plow, as did his ancestors centuries ago. Cows are peasant tills his little tract of land with homemade, wooden hoe and plow, as did his ancestors centuries ago. Cows are driven from door to door for milking, which permits no reflection on the Havanese milkman's integrity. Water boys earry their wares in great goat skin bags, excend draw great high wheeled carts at small pace, little children, wearing only carry their wares in great goat skin bags, oren draw great high wheeled carts at snail pace, little children, wearing only a smile, play throughout the streets, the odd old games of the Moors in Spain. Working women smoke monstrous black cigars, soats and donkeys, hidden from view with fruits, vegetables and grocer-ics, are led through the streets, the passers-by and residents purchasing from the animals' back. More romantic are the sounds of castanet, dancers, soft tones of handola and guitar and the ardent cavalier serenading at his sometic's window. poetic reminder of the gallant custom of

By Moonlight Beautiful Beyond Description.

Havana by moonlight is beautiful beyond words. The ancient cathedral bells toil the hour of 10. "La Capital" is brilliant with arc lights, innumerable cafes, a scores of theaters, the weird music and dance, the passing show of courtly men and gentle women through parks and promenades. Animation, joyous laughter. proclaim a miniature gay Paris, yet without its demoralizing influence.

The vicious saloon and attendant evils are unknown in Cuba. The ubigitous Havanese cafe and buffet are the constant delightful rendezvous. Crowded nightly by the rich and poor, high and low, they are institutions of fraternal gathering and peaceful discussion. The more wealthy entertain the wealth and aristocracy; the less pretentious the tradespeople artisans, and laborers.

Fruit and mild vinous drinks and lees are most popular. The cigar and cigarette lend fragrance. Chess, dominos, backgammon and other innocent games are played. Bandola and guitar are sweet accompaniments. Alcoholic drinks are seldem indulged in. Drunkenness among Cabens and Spacingde is your ways. Cubans and Spaniards is very rare, and regarded with abhorrence. Well for Americans if we could supplant the saloon with the wholesome refining usages of Cuba's cafe. Lessons of sobriety and morality are taught; political, social, commercial questions are discussed; the future and welfare of their beloved isle are

The Cuban is generous to improvidence, self-sacrificing, courteous, hospitable. Reverence to old age, respect for woman-

presence of death, the passing funeral, no matter how humble, are reverenced by solemn demeanor and un-covered head. Lord Chesterfield would congenial associations among our alien Cuban brothers. The European Sab-bath prevails in Havana, the morn is devoted to religious services, and for its brevity, what might be termed a "sermonconcluding with the impressiv Roman ritual.

Spanish Bullfights Are Now Things of the Past.

The former cruel bullfights and cocking mains are forbidden. The afternoon and evening are devoted to the many ancient harmless Spanish sports akin to the Olympian games, concerts, and dances. "Jai alai" is the popular national game American baseball has recently acquired

The fascinating, irresistible Havanes senoritas! How nature has lavished her charms upon them. Dark olive skin, large black eyes and brows, hair luxuriant, Beauty and gentleness vie with coquetry and all druggists.

and grace in the part they play in present-ing this captivating picture. Standing in the jail-like residence windows, these

social and intellectual life. Gentle as the breezes that waft over Havana, and constant as the sun that smiles upon them, the senorita's marital life is blissful. The divorce lawyer is seldom evoked, and earns but a precarious

The Interior of a Typical Home in the Cuban Capital.

The home of the wealthy Havanese are of one and two stories, twenty to twentyfive feet in height. Classic, semi-Saracenic exteriors of gaily painted stone and cement, within contain floors and walls of Italian marble, French and Spanish drop curtain than a real, substantial tiling. Instead of carpets and curtains, rugs and latticed blinds serve. Little Havana vies with Paris and Vienna in furniture, usually metal, adorns the The visitor is greeted with endless | The refreshingly cool interior affords wel-

can tourists. Those classed as Spaniards are natives of Spain. Among them are the wealthy commercial class, sugar and tobacco brokers, bankers, money-lenders,

The great part of Cuba's people, the peasantry "guajiros," the toilers and producers, white and colored, are not owners

The Strange Blending of Many Strains of Blood.

The admixture of Cuban blood is perplexing. Spain's ten centuries of conquest resulted in assimilation with its conquerors. The Cuban white, mulatto, and negro are from mixed blood of the Phoenician, Greek, Roman, Gothic, and Moorish ancestry, through Spanish progenitors. The pure aborigines are long since extinct, but a Eybrid remnant remains.

The great part of the white and colored Cubans' ancestors are from every province of Spain between the Rock of Gibraltar and the Pyrenees' cliffs, and inherit the different traits and characteristics so

d donkeys, hidden from vegetables and grocergh the streets, the passints purchasing from the More romantic are the Cuba has 28,000,000 acres of most fertile ple. An equal area density with England would afford her 23,000,000 inhabitants. Safe estimate would assure agricultural livelihood for three times her present population. She can produce annually 6,000,000 tons of sugar, more than half the world's yearly consumption.

Her annual exports average \$90,000,000 mports about \$65,000,000. With the population she can maintain, these figures can be multiplied several times.

Capital and radical Cuban tariff reducion by the United States could in a decse Cuba's population and com

Young Republic's Most Serious Problem Is an Economic One.

Cuba's present serious problem is purely economic, a market for her limitless products-sugar, tobacco, fruits, cocoa and coffee better than Brazil's.

Prosperous Cuba can alone be had through the friendly, unselfish aid and guidance of the United States and reciprocal tariff relations. Cubans need not fear American colonization. Want of industrial conditions and meager wages will deter the American laborer from emigration to Cuba. There is no inducement for our artisans, clerks, or professional men in alien Cuba, whose fixed primitive customs can only change with the passing away of the present Cuban generation. American wage-earners cannot profitably adapt themselves to Cuba's prejudices or compete with the Cuban's enforced economy and frugality in living. American capital alone can be lured to Cuba's uplifting and development. The Cuban peasantry will get the deserved benefit Our money will freely employ Cuban labor at much better wages to repair and cultivate devastated plantations—our modern improved methods of husbandry will lighten their labors. Active demand for vorkmen will afford all profitable em-

The American tourist, by liberal pur hases, will revive the arteries of trade and encourage the Cuban artisan in the many skilful employments of which he i

The Cubans' life is certainly philoinstitutions are complete almost to per-fection. The Cuban patriots in two wars fought for the cause of liberty against tyrannical government, with firmness and courage unsurpassed in history. They maintained a strong though migratory

FROM SOUTH AFRICA.

New Way of Using Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

operations in conformity to the humane rules of modern warfare

Natives of the Island by Nature a Lovable People.

The Cubans are by nature lovable, peaceful, sober, and industrious. The Anglo-Saxon race can learn from them the jail-like residence windows, these Antilian belies peer through the upright bars. Pretty prisoners of a false social system, they gaze bewitchingly upon the passing adoring beau, whose courtship his inamorata, partly hidden by mantilla and fan, returns in full view of passeraby. The senoritas mar natural beauty with a lavish use of powder and rouge. Barely appearing in public save at theater or ball, and then only with the omnipresent duenna or parents, they lack physical, social and intellectual life.

Anglo-Saxon race can learn from them lessons in generous hospitality, courteous bearing, parental reverence, and marital fiellty. They take life easy. No such injunctions as "Time is money," "This is my busy day," will prevail with the present generation. Bustle, hurry, is unknown among them. Pleasant procrastination marks their dealing; their methods today are those of their accestors for twenty generations. They enjoy life, have twenty generations. They enjoy life, have large families, and, in spite of the inevitable "Manana por la manana," manage to exist comfortably.

Their capacity for self-government is

generally conceded by those most familiar with their customs and character.

The destiny of Cuba is in a large measure in the hands of the American Congress. Her future prosperity is chiefly dependent upon an abundant United States market for her limitless products, which can only be had by radical reduction of

duction would alone open a vast trade to all foreign lands. Would it not more than counterbalance the benefits of the sugar tariff, now chiefly enjoyed by the beet-sugar makers? Such action would induce large sums of foreign capital to induce large sums of foreign capital to invest in Cuban sugar growing the profits.

Among the Nations of the World

Cuba is about to take her place among the republics of the earth. We have seen her struggle with sublime heroism against a cruel despotism, joined her brave sons in securing her long-cherished freedom, should we not now enjoy the prosperity

But upon Cuba's rising generation, Spaniards and Cubans, her educated young can only be had by radical reduction of our present Cuban tariffs. While not arguing for free Cuban sugar, may not this single item illustrate benefits resultant to our people from such a course. The American public could, with free Cuban sugar, purchase the best quality at not exceeding 3 cents a pound. What a vast economy thereby afforded every American household. Such a reduction of the price. household. Such a reduction of the price of sugar in the United States would afford this country a great part of the world's trade in canned fruits, preserves, jellies, and other of our products. We grow the fruits and manufacture the glass jars and tins in which to pack them. Such a re-

induce large sums of foreign capital to invest in Cuban sugar growing, the profits of which would in turn be devoted largely to purchase of American machinery, cotton and woolen goods, manufactures, great and small, and many of our staples. It is a vast subject, demanding most thoughtful consideration. The United States is the natural market for Cuba's products; Cuba in return must purchase largely, if not wholly, of our goods. An enormous commerce between the two countries would seem the inevitable result.

About to Take Her Place

Among the Nations of the World. in the saddle!" The Moorish army fled forever, and Spain was redeemed. Seven centuries later Antonio Maceo, Cuba's martyr patriot, was slain, as was the Cid, martyr patriot, was slain, as was the car, fighting for his loved land's freedom. The mortal Maceo rests in the beautiful valley of Beracal, near Havana, in the bosom of the land and among the people for whose life and freedom he gave his own. But Macco's immortal spirit still lives, his name and memory yet inspire. If the brave descendants of the Cid, the Spaniards in Cuba, and the heroic followers of Maceo will carry on unselfish war-fare for the poor, the education of the Ignorant, the uplifting of the degraded, Cuba need not fear to face the future and brave the storms which are to come.

Civil Service Examinations.

The Civil Service Commission announces The Civil Service Commission announces that examinations for positions in the Internal Revenue service will be held on May 24 in Austin, Texas; Burlington, Iowa; Dubuque, Iowa; Grand Rapids, Mich.; Little Rock, Ark.; New Orleans, La., and Raleigh, N. C. Competitors must be citizens of the United States who have attained their majority.

BEECHER'S SON-IN-LAW DIES IN PHILADELPHIA

The Rev. Dr. Scoville Succumbs to Heart

yesterday in the Presbyterian Hospital, Manufacturers' Sale.

ed not a little influence on New England life. He was graduated from Yale in 1854 and took a course in theology at the Andover Seminary.

After his ordination as a minister he received a call to the Congregational Church at Norwich, N. Y., where he remained twenty-five years. He then went to the Congregational Church at Stamford Conn., and two years ago left there to accept a call to a church in Vineland, N.

In August last Dr. Scoville was called to assist the Rev. Dr. Hillis, pastor of

Plymouth Church. In 1861 Dr. Scoville married Miss Har riet Beecher, the only daughter of the great preacher. Mrs. Scoville and four children-Samuel, William H., Mrs. Harriet Stowe Devan and Miss Annie Scoville-survive him.

The funeral, the arrangements for which are not completed, will be from Plymouth Church. The interment will be at Stamford, Conn.

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We offer Mcn's Business Suits, worth \$10, for \$3.95; Men's Chevlot Suits, black Oxford or gray, worth \$12, for \$6.95; Men's Fine Worsted Suits, in sack or frock style, worth \$15, \$7.95; Men's Check Cassimere Suits, worth \$16, for \$8.45; Men's Fine Clay Diagonal Dress Suits, sack or cutaway, worth \$25, for \$9.95; Men's Elegant, Latest Plaid Rough Cheviots at \$7.95, worth \$20; Men's Silk-lined Black Thibet Prince Albert Coat and Vest at \$1.95, would be reasonable at \$25; Young Men's Long Pants Suits, 14 to 19 years, in cassimeres and cheviots, \$3.45 and \$4.45, cassimeres and cheviots, \$3.45 and \$4.45, worth \$10 and \$12; Men's Durable Pants, 98c; Men's Cheviot and Cassimere Pants, \$1.45, \$1.75, and \$1.95; Fine Dress Pants, \$2.25 and \$2.75, worth four times the

We offer a fine Spring Top Coat, nicely made and trimmed, worth \$12, at \$4.95; Men's Oxford Satin-lined Spring Over-coats at \$6.95, worth \$20; Men's Genuine Covert Cloth Spring Overcoats, worth \$16, for this week at \$5.45; Men's and Young Men's Spring Overcoats, silk or satin lined, all the new shades of tan and olive. in smooth or rough goods, at \$7.95, saiable at \$20; Men's Genuine Black Thibet Overcoats, worth \$18, at \$6.45. We offer Men's and Young Men's Spring Top Coats, satin lined, at \$9.95, worth \$25.

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Nobby Spring Clothing in an endless ar ray of serviceable fabrics and dressy pat-terns, going now at 33 cents on the dol-

Boys' Latest Style "Norfolk" Suits, sizes 4 to 17 years, regular \$3, \$4, and \$5 values, Children's Blouse Suits, regular \$3 grade

Youths' Long Pants Suits, worth \$5 and \$6, for \$2.98. Youths' Long Pants Suits, worth \$9, for \$4.98. Men's Furnishings. Underwear for 48c.

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